Sovereignty Must Read: *** Federation

Sovereignty



The classic image of <u>sovereignty</u> is a few kooks in camos going off into the wilderness to live by their own rules. While this image is accurate – those individuals surrender their sovereignty to a sovereign collective, it fails to express sovereignty's fundamental nature in <u>landbased capitalism</u>.

A more adequate statement of sovereignty is that the individual is sovereign and the state is not. The individual can go into debt and has eminent domain (<u>can treble land</u>). The state can do neither. Since trebling land and acquiring debt are essential components of sovereignty, readers might be interested in the module, <u>Are Corporations Sovereign</u>? That question will not be answered here.

A sovereignty can manage its subjects almost any way it pleases. As a sovereign individual, one can chop off one's arm or leg. One can commit suicide or sell an organ. On a more positive note, one can eat only healthy or ethically-raised food, exercise, study, work, and play at one's leisure.

The family is the most common unit of sovereignty under today's debt-based and tomorrow's land-based capitalism. The family is sovereign. "No talking about politics or religion at the dinner table" would violate freedom of speech outside of a sovereignty. Spanking would be battery, and grounding would be kidnapping.

Adults have the right to surrender and reclaim their sovereignty at will. This is called <u>exit rights</u>. Children under the age of majority (14 is suggested) have no right of individual sovereignty. Because they have no exit rights, the <u>Federation Constitution</u> affords children with the purposely ambiguous <u>right to life</u>. Judicial interpretation of this right should optimize the balance between freedom and security.

Families and other sovereignties must respect the exit rights of adults and children's right to life. They also must <u>not subject animals to unnecessary cruelty</u>. This culturally malleable dictate is even more purposely ambiguous than the "right to life" of children. I believe judicial interpretation of this right will lead to an optimal balance of ethical treatment and food security.

Beyond these primary constraints, are sovereignties free to do whatever they want? Not completely. There are land-based rights that we, as the inhabitants of Earth, demand.

The right of the most efficient user to exclusive use of the land is primary. Does this mean the sovereignty cannot have land titles or land taxes? Does it mean that land cannot be inherited by the first-born son within the sovereignty? Does it mean that land within the sovereignty cannot be distributed equally to the poor, worked collectively by everyone, or sold to the highest bidder? No, it does not!

Land within a sovereignty is sovereign land. The sovereignty determines all rules governing sovereign land. For example, the largest bedroom could be given to the youngest daughter or the child who does the most household chores. It is no different in a sovereign city-state or a much smaller sovereign collective.

Does this violate the right of the most efficient user to exclusive use of the land? No. A son might not be able to treble his sister's bedroom, but the property itself can be trebled, leaving the bedroom question moot. The same applies to a sovereign city-state where modern-day Huns, Vandals, and Visigoths could treble at the border.

There are, however, other <u>land-based rights</u> that restrict the activities of sovereignty. The <u>Federation</u>-wide right to clean air and water forces the sovereignty to abide by Federation laws regarding these resources. The right to pollute is expected to be a trebleable resource, and the sovereignty must treble for these rights in competition with everyone else.

All restrictive land-based rights are preconditioned on <u>a reasonable person</u> believing that a negative externality outside the sovereignty, or irreversibly to sovereign land, will result from sovereign action.

Cellular Democracy

Sovereignty is the building block of <u>cellular democracy</u>. Although it is convenient to picture individuals as leaf nodes of the cellular democracy at level 0, that is not technically true.

The actual definition of cellular democracy is that every leaf node is sovereign, and every sovereignty is a leaf node. Most individuals are members of families. As a family member, the adult individual sacrifices their sovereignty to the family.

It is the family at level 0 (a level-0 <u>district</u> in the jargon of cellular democracy) that forms the leaf node of the cellular democracy. Associated with the node is a family size (a sovereignty size). This determines the amount of per capita <u>Earth Dividend</u> distributions into the sovereignty.

Earth Dividend distributions are <u>earmarked</u> for certain purchases independent of sovereign status. However, those distributions can be freely moved from one earmarked account to another within the sovereignty. This right does not exist outside of a sovereignty.

In a family, the <u>food distribution</u> might all be moved to the account of the family shopper. The housing distribution might all be transferred to the king's account in a sovereign city-state.

In a sovereignty, the housing distribution's most common use will be ground rent on sovereign land to <u>defend against foreign invaders</u> (treblers). Sovereignties, or any large landholders, can position their <u>ground rents</u> like defensive armies in the game of <u>Risk</u>.

Logical extensions of the food and housing distributions will appeal to family farms, mixed-use collectives, and larger sovereignties. The food distribution can be used for tractors, other farm equipment, fertilizer, and seeds (GMO seeds are likely free to maximize IP royalties). The housing distribution can be used for any on-site construction. This would include roads and buildings for a large sovereignty, just as it would include a driveway and garage for households.

Forming a Sovereignty

Sovereignties will typically be created by like-minded people who treble some rural or semi-rural land. However, it is possible, but difficult, to create a sovereignty in an existing community. This is done with a <u>class III</u> ratification of a sovereign constitution.

Objectors can vote "no" with the <u>treble option</u>. To begin the sovereignty, residents must treble all objectors.

The Panarchy

Today, there are thousands of viewpoints on the perfect world, perhaps millions. Since none are perfect, people avoid discussing the contradictory details and try to reduce those viewpoints to two: us and them. The old joke, "Ask any two _(fill in the

<u>blank</u>) about an issue, and you will get three opinions," has given way to polarization, intentional ignorance, and violence.

<u>AFFEERCE</u> is superior because it does not rely on forced ignorance, elections, education, or revolution to create land-based capitalism. It is a <u>business plan</u> that succeeds if it fully accounts for human nature or fails if it does not.

One of land-based capitalism's most vital points is allowing everyone who thinks they have a better way to run the world to do just that under ideal conditions. This collection of different types of cultures and governments is called the panarchy.

An objectivist sovereignty can forbid a 2/3 plurality from modifying the objective rights of the property owner or redefine objective rights to suit their needs. An anarchist sovereignty can rule by consensus and the no-force doctrine. A communist sovereignty can take from each according to their ability and distribute to each according to their need. A Georgist sovereignty could respect title to the land and tax it.

These sovereignties have the advantage of operating in a utopian environment where, depending on size, they receive from \$700 to over \$1,000 per month for every one of their citizens or subjects.

If their ideology is successful, the sovereignty will grow. Ultimately, it would grow to replace all land-based capitalism or be adapted into land-based capitalism. The panarchy thus leads to a "permanent embryo" where the new world is nurtured within the old. It could happen.

Land-based capitalism has no repressive mechanism to stop permanent embryos. Larger sovereignties will function well as test societies for new ideas in political economy. Still, in the end, I believe the non-sovereign cellular democracy will prevail, with leaf-node sovereignties no larger than an industrial kibbutz.

The panarchy is a good idea, but most of the ideologies are reactions to the contradictions and brutal tyranny of <u>debt-based capitalism</u>. With the end of debt-based capitalism, the doctrines will briefly find a spot in the sovereignty sun and wither away within 100 years of their nemesis.